## **General Engineering Data**

## "Viscosity Measures a Liquid's Resistance to Flow"

VISCOSITY CONVERSION TABLE										
SAYBOLT UNIVERSAL SSU	STOKES	CENTISTOKES	POISES *	CENTI- POISES*	ENGLER SECONDS	REDWOOD NO. 1 SECONDS	TYPICAL LIQUIDS AT 70 DEG F			
31	0.010	1.00	0.008	0.80	54	29.00	WATER			
35	0.025	2.56	0.020	2.05	59	32.10	KEROSENE			
50	0.074	7.40	0.059	5.92	80	44.30	NO.2 FUEL OIL			
80	0.157	15.70	0.126	12.60	125	69.20	NO.4 FUELOIL			
100	0.202	20.20	0.162	16.20	150	85.60	TRANSFORMER OIL			
200	0.432	43.20	0.346	34.60	295	170.00	HYDRAULIC OIL			
300	0.654	65.40	0.522	52.20	470	254.00	SAE IOW OIL			
500	1.10	110	0.88	88.00	760	423.00	SAE 10 OIL			
1,000	2.16	220	1.73	173.00	1,500	896.00	SAE 20 OIL			
2,000	4.40	440	3.52	352.00	3,000	1,690	SAE 30 OIL			
5,000	10.80	1,080	8.80	880.00	7,500	4,230	SAE 50 OIL			
10,000	21.60	2,160	17	1,760	15,000	8,460	SAE 60-70 OIL			
50,000	108	10,800	88	8,800	75,000	43,660	MOLASSES B			
100,000	216	21,600	173	17,300	150,000	88,160	MOLASSES C			

<sup>\*</sup> Poises and centipoises are given for oil of .8 specific gravity. Relationship: centistokes X specific gravity = centipoises.

## **TABLE NO. 1 - SPEED REDUCTION**

Viscosity in	Recommended			
SSU	Speed (RPM)			
50	1,725			
500	1,500			
1,000	1,300			
5,000	1,000			
10,000	600			
50,000	400			
100,000	200			

**TABLE NO. 2 - % INCREASE IN HORSEPOWER** 

	Viscosity in SSU									
Pressure/PSI	30	500	1000	5000	10,000	50,000	100,000			
2	_	30	60	120	200	300	400			
20		25	50	100	160	260	350			
40		20	40	80	120	220	300			
60	1	15	30	60	105	180	250			
80		12	25	50	90	150	200			
100	_	10	20	40	80	120	150			

## Gear Pumps are well suited for pumping of viscous liquids if the following rules are observed:

- 1. Pump speed (RPM) must be reduced. Use Table No. 1 as a guide.
- 2. Suction and discharge lines must be increased by at least one, or better, two pipe sizes over the size of the pump ports.
- **3.** Horsepower of the motor must be increased over whatever power would be required for pumping water under the same pressure and flow. Use Table No. 2 which gives the percentage increase in horsepower for various pressures and viscosities.